Guiding CTC Posterior Spike Timings for Improved Posterior Fusion and Knowledge Distillation

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Summary

- Sparse and arbitrary posterior spike timings from CTC models pose a new set of challenges in posterior fusion and knowledge distillation from multiple CTC models.
- We propose a method to train a CTC model so that its spike timings are guided to align with those of a pretrained guiding CTC model.
- We demonstrate the advantage of our method in various scenarios including posterior fusion of CTC models and knowledge distillation between CTC models with different architectures.

Guided CTC Training

- 1. Feed a training sample *X* to a pre-trained *guiding* CTC model and obtain posteriors for each time index.
- 2. Convert the posteriors to a mask *M*(*X*) by setting 1 at the output symbol with the highest posteriors and 0 at other symbols at each time index.
- 3. Feed the same training sample to the *guided* CTC model being trained and obtain posteriors P(X).
- 4. Maximize $M(X) \circ P(X)$ jointly with minimizing the CTC loss to train the *guided* CTC model.



Equivalent with minimizing the frame-level cross entropy where the target is a sequence of the output symbols with the highest posterior from the guiding model over non-blank time indices.

Experiments

Posterior fusion of multiple UniLSTM phone CTC models guided by UniLSTM:

Guided training itself improved accuracy (1A and 1D).

Training Data Different randomization for parameters and data order UniLSTM UniLSTM UniLSTM UniLSTM Standard training	Training Data Different randomizat for parameters and data Guided Guided Guided UniLSTM Guided CTC tra	Guiding UniLSTM order Guided UniLSTM ining
	SWB	CH
1A UniLSTM	15.3	27.6
1B $4 \times$ posterior fusion of 1A	15.4	28.8
1C $4 \times \text{ROVER}$ of 1A	14.1	26.1
1D UniLSTM guided by UniLST	M 14.4	26.2
1E $4 \times$ posterior fusion of 1D	12.9	24.2
1F 4× ROVER of 1D	13.7	24.5

Knowledge distillation between BiLSTM phone CTC and UniLSTM phone CTC:

BiLSTM guided by UniLSTM was useful to train UniLSTM with knowledge distillation.

_		SWB	СН
2A	UniLSTM	15.3	27.6
2В	BiLSTM	11.8	21.8
2C	UniLSTM distilled from		
	$1 \times BiLSTM$ (2B)	17.1	29.9
	$4 \times \text{BiLSTMs}(2B)$	29.4	32.7
2D	BiLSTM guided by UniLSTM	12.4	22.6
2E	UniLSTM distilled from		
	$1 \times BiLSTM$ guided by UniLSTM (2D)	13.4	25.4
	$4 \times$ BiLSTMs guided by UniLSTM (2D)	12.9	24.8
	$8 \times$ BiLSTMs guided by UniLSTM (2D)	12.9	24.7

Knowledge distillation and posterior fusion for BiLSTM word CTC models

	SWB	CH	RT02	RT03	RT04	Avg.
3A BiLSTM	14.9	24.1	23.7	24.1	22.6	21.9
3B 4×posterior fusion of 3A	48.2	57.7	57.7	58.9	59.3	56.4
3C $4 \times ROVER$ of 3A	16.0	23.2	24.8	26.1	26.7	23.3
3D BiLSTM guided by BiLSTM	14.3	23.3	23.1	23.8	22.0	21.3
3E 4×posterior fusion of 3D	11.7	20.2	19.2	19.7	18.5	17.9
3F 4×ROVER of 3D	13.0	20.6	20.9	21.2	19.9	19.1
3G BiLSTM distilled from $4 \times \text{posterior fusion (3E)}$	13.7	23.1	22.4	22.9	21.7	20.8



(b) UniLSTM phone CTC models. Bottom two models are guided by the top model.





(d) UniLSTM and BILSTM phone CTC models. Bottom two BiLSTM models are guided by the top UniLSTM model.





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